

English Paper Piecing Basics

English Paper Piecing can be done with a variety of shapes. Hexagons are among the most popular. When teaching beginners, I reach for <u>Dritz 1 ½"</u> <u>Hexagon papers</u>. These hexagons are small enough to fit comfortably in most hands, but large enough to feel accomplished after stitching together just a few. They are coated, making glue-basting easy both when basting the papers, and removing them.

BASTING

- Select your fabric and paper template. Cut your fabric larger than the template. You'll want a ¼" to 3/8" seam allowance all the way around.
- Place the fabric right side down on a flat surface. Center the paper template on top.
- Use the fabric glue stick along the edge of one side of the paper template. Fold the seam allowance onto the template, securing it with the glue.
- Repeat with the opposite side of the hexagon. The fabric should be snug, but NOT stretched.
- Repeat with the remaining 4 sides. Set aside hexagon, repeat with remaining fabric and templates.

STITCHING

- Place two basted hexagons right sides together, with all the edges lined up.
- With a threaded needle, place three stitches at one corner, securing the fabric.
- Stitch along the edge of the two pieces, making sure to "grab" 2-4 threads from EACH hexagon with each stitch. Stitches should be between 1/8 and $\frac{1}{4}$ " apart.
- When you reach the opposite side, end with three stitches. You can cut the thread, or continue with adding another hexagon.
- Open up the two hexagons and admire your seam! Line up a third Basted Hexagon, right sides together, with one of the first two, and begin again at step 1.
- Bend the papers as needed to line up edges for inset seams (Y-seams).

